CLAIMS

- 1 1. A catalyst system comprising:
- 2 a complex with the formula:
- $[ML_v(HSR)_{\tilde{n}}]^n$
- wherein M is a transition metal cation;
- 5 L is a ligand;
- Y is a whole number between 0 and 5;
- ñ is a whole number between 1 and 6;
- n is the charge of the complex;
- 9 H is Hydrogen;
- 10 S is sulphur; and
- R is any organic group or hydrogen.
- The system of claim 1, wherein the transition metal is selected from the group
- 2 consisting of cobalt, manganese, chromium and iron.
- The system of claim 2, wherein M is selected from the group consisting of Co²⁺,
- 2 Mn²⁺, Fe², and Cr³⁺.
- 1 4. The system of claim 1, wherein the organic group is an akyl or aryl group having
- between one to twenty carbon atoms.
- The system of claim 4, wherein the alkyl or aryl group contains sulphur, nitrogen
- or oxygen atoms.

- The catalyst of claim 1 wherein L is selected from the group consisting of cyano, amino, aquo, hydroxo, thiocyanato, trifluoroborato, phosphino, nitro, nitrato, and carboxo.
- 7. The catalyst of claim 1/wherein L is a chelating agent selected from the group consisting of dimethyl/glyoxime, phenanthroline, and ethylenediamine.
- 8. A method of preparing a polymer comprising:
- 2 providing an organic compound to be polymerized;
- contacting the organic compound with a catalyst represented by the formula:
- $[ML_{y}(HSR)_{fi}]^{n}$
- wherein M is a transition metal cation in a lower oxidation state;
- 6 L is a ligand;
- 7 Y is a whole number between 0 and 5;
- 8 ñ is a whole number between 1 and 6;
- n is the charge of the complex;
- 10 H is Hydrogen;
- 11 S is sulphur; and
- R is any organic group or hydrogen.
- 1 9. The method of claim 8, wherein M is selected from the group consisting of cobalt,
- 2 manganese/chromium and iron.

- 1 10. The method of claim 8, wherein M is selected from the group consisting of Co²⁺,
- 2 Mn²⁺, Fe²⁺, and Cr³⁺.
- 1 11. The method of claim 8, wherein the organic group is an alkyl or aryl group having
- between one to twenty carbon atoms.
- 1 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the alkyl or aryl group contains sulphur, nitro-
- 2 gen or oxygen atoms.
- 1 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the organic compounds are selected from the
- 2 group consisting of olerins, conjugated dienes, vinyl compounds, allyl compounds and
- 3 mixtures thereof.
- 14. The method of claim 8, wherein the organic compound is selected from the group
- 2 consisting of styrene, methyl styrene, acrylonitrile, acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, ac-
- rylamide, methacrylamide, methyl methacrylate, ethyl methacrylate, maleic anhydride,
- malelic acid, fumaric acid, isoprene, butadiene, chloroprene, vinyl acetate, vinyl chlo-
- ride, vinyledene chloride, ethylene, propylene, butylene, isobutylene, alpha-olefins, allyl
- 6 alcohol, alkyl vinyl thers, and mixtures thereof.
- 1 15. The method of claim 8 wherein the organic compound to be polymerized is se-
- 2 lected from the group consisting of unsaturated polyester resins, vinyl ester resins, alkyl
- resins, and glyptal resins.
- 16. The method of claim 8 wherein the method of preparing the polymer is selected
- 2 from the group of techniques consisting of the system of mass, solution, suspension and
- 3 emulsion.

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- 17. The method of claim 11, and further comprising preparing the catalyst including providing a transition metal containing compound selected from either the group of inorganic salts consisting of sulphates, nitrates, phosphates, and chlorides, or the group of organic compounds consisting of acetates, oxalates, hexanoates, octoates, oleates, decanoates, palmitates, decanoates, naphthenates, and stearates; and
- contacting the transition metal containing compound with a thiol or mercaptan having less than 20 carbon atoms.
- 1 18. The method of claim 17 wherein the sulphur compounds and thiols or mercaptans
- are monofunctional and selected from the group consisting of hydrogen sulphide,
- methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, , hexyl, octyl, decyl, dodecyl, stearyl, benzyl, naphthyl, ben-
- zoyl, mercaptans and thiols, thioglycolyc acid, and any mercaptan or thiol containing
- s less than twenty carbons.
- 1 19. The method of claim 18 wherein the transition metal compound is a carboxylated
- transition metal selected from the group of salts consisting of cobalt, maganese, chro-
- mium, and iron salts, and the thiol or mercaptan includes a group selected from the group
- consisting butyl, hexyl, dodecyl, benzyl, benzyl, groups, hydrogen sulphide, thiohglyco-
- 5 lic acid, and any alkyl or aryl group containing one to twenty carbons atoms.
 - 20. The method of claim 8, and further comprising preparing the catalyst including
- providing a transition metal compound selected from the group of carboxylates
- 3 consisting of cobalt carboxylates, manganese carboxylates, chromium carboxylates and
- 4 iron carboxylates or from the group of inorganic salts consisting of sulphates, nitrates,
- 5 phosphates, and chlorides;
- reacting an alkyl or aryl halide containing one to twenty carbon atoms with two
- 7 equivalents of aqueous thiourea to from a hydrolyzed product; and
- reacting the product with the transition metal compound.

- The method of claim 8, wherein L is selected from the group consisting of cyano, 21. 1
- amino, aquo, hydroxo/thiocyanato, trifluoroborato, nitro, nitrato, phosphino, and car-
- boxo. 3
- 22. The method of claim 8, wherein L is a chelating agent and selected from the group 1
- consisting of dimethylglyoxime, phenanthroline, and ethylenediamine. 2